# ST ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

# ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

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## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

**Directors** D Tullett (Chair)

L Brito-Babapulle (Vice Chair) (Resigned 5 December 2021)

S Nonnis

L White (Accounting officer)

F Kunna C Doherty K Williams F Sam E Nyame

J Burke (Appointed 1 October 2021)

**Members** M Dickens

P McCallum

J Wilson (from 17 March 2021 P Smith (to 17 March 2021)

Senior leadership team L White - Headteacher

D Linton-Gordon - Assistant Headteacher
J Sinclair (resigned 31 August 2022) - Assistant Headteacher

Company secretary E Pennant

Company registration number 10810081 (England and Wales)

Registered office Genoa Road

Anerley London SE20 8ES United Kingdom

Independent auditor Azets Audit Services

Greytown House 221-227 High Street

Orpington Kent BR6 0NZ United Kingdom

Bankers Lloyds Bank

1 City Road East Manchester M15 4PU United Kingdom

Solicitors Winckworth Sherwood LLP

Minerva House 5 Montague Close

London SE1 9BB United Kingdom

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The directors present their annual report together with the accounts and auditor's report of the charitable company for the year 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022. The annual report serves the purposes of both a trustees' report, and a directors' report under company law.

The academy trust operates an academy for pupils aged 4 to 11. It has a pupil capacity of 210 and had a roll of 142 as of 6 October 2022.

## Structure, governance and management

### Constitution

The academy trust is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the academy trust.

The directors are the trustees of St Anthony's Catholic Primary School and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. Details of the directors who served during the year are included in the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

St Anthony's Catholic Primary School was incorporated on 8 June 2017 and obtained Academy status from 1 July 2017.

### Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

## Method of recruitment and appointment or election of directors

The members of the Academy Trust shall comprise the signatories to the Memorandum, who shall be the Founder Members; and thereafter; the Archbishop; the Financial Secretary; the Vicar General; and any person appointed under Article 16.

The number of Trustees shall be not less than three, but (unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolutions) shall not be subject to a maximum. The first Trustees shall be those persons named, with the written consent of the Archbishop, in the statement delivered pursuant to sections 9 and 12 of the Companies Act 2006. The Academy Trust shall have the following Trustees; 8 Foundation Trustees appointed under Article 50; 2 Staff Trustees appointed under Article 50A; 1 Trustee appointed under Article 50B; 1 Local Governor appointed under Article 51; a minimum of 2 Parent Trustees appointed by the Trustees whether after election or otherwise under Articles 53-56; and Co-opted Trustees appointed under Article 58.

Each of the persons entitled to appoint members above shall have the right, from time to time by written notice delivered to the Office, to remove any Member appointed by them and to appoint a replacement member to fill a vacancy whether resulting from such removal or otherwise.

The term of office for any Trustee shall be 4 years or a shorter period if specified at the time of appointment by the person or body appointing, save that this time limit shall not apply to the Co-opted Trustees or to any post which is held ex officio. Co-opted Trustees shall be appointed for a period of one year. Subject to remaining eligible to be a particular type of Trustee, any Trustee may be re-appointed or re-elected.

#### Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of directors

During the period under review the trustees held 6 meetings. The training and induction provided for new trustees will depend on their existing experience. All new trustees will be given a tour of the School and the chance to meet with staff and students. All relevant trustees are provided with copies of policies, procedures, minutes, accounts, budgets, plans and other documents that they will need to undertake their role as trustees. As there are normally only two or three new trustees a period, induction tends to be done informally and is tailored specifically to the individual.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### Organisational structure

The structure consists of three levels: the Trustees, Senior Leadership Team and Middle Leaders, (including Assessment and Curriculum Leaders). The aim of the management structure is to devolve responsibility and encourage involvement in decision making at all levels.

The Trustees are responsible for setting general policy, adopting an annual plan and budget, monitoring the Academy by the use of budgets and making major decisions about the direction of the Academy, capital expenditure and senior staff appointments.

The Senior Leadership Team are the Headteacher and two senior teachers. These leaders control the Academy at an executive level implementing the policies laid down by the Trustees and reporting back to them. As a group, the Senior Leadership Team are responsible for the authorisation of spending within agreed budgets and the appointment of staff, though appointment boards for middle and senior leader posts will contain a Trustee(s). Some spending control is devolved to Curriculum Leaders, with limits above which a Senior Leader must countersign.

### Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

### Headteacher Pay Determination

The Trustees will review the Headteacher group whenever it proposes to appoint a new Headteacher.

The indicative group size for a school will be determined in accordance with the provisions set out in the STPCD. The Trustees will identify a pay range within the group size to which the Headteacher will be appointed.

In determining the pay range for a Headteacher the Trustees / Pay Committee may take into consideration:

- The specific requirements of the post
- The school context and challenge
- The complexity of the post
- The requirement to recruit and retain appropriate candidates
- · Affordability and comparable salary benchmarking data

The pay range for a Headteacher will not usually exceed the group size for the school. However the Trustees / Pay Committee may determine a range up to 25% greater in value than the maximum group size for the school should the circumstances warrant.

In determining the pay range and the salary on appointment the Trustees / Pay Committee will ensure that there is appropriate scope within the range to allow for performance related progression over time.

## Pay Determination for Other Members of the Leadership Group

The Trustees will identify a pay range for other members of the leadership team taking into consideration the respective level of responsibilities and appropriate internal differentials.

The maximum of each individual members of the leadership teams' pay range will not exceed the maximum of the Headteacher range and will only overlap the Headteacher's pay range in exceptional circumstances.

In determining the pay range the Trustees / Pay Committee will ensure that there is appropriate scope within the range to allow for performance related progression over time.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### Pay Progression

Pay reviews for Leadership posts will normally be undertaken by the Pay Committee. The Headteacher may advise the Pay Committee regarding the pay progression for other members of the Leadership team.

The Pay Committee will consider annually whether to award pay progression to members of the leadership group who have completed a year of employment since the previous pay determination.

Pay reviews will take place as soon as possible after the 1st September but no later than 31st December. In the event of pay progression being awarded this will take effect from 1st September.

Pay decisions will be clearly attributable to the performance of the individual. In making a determination the pay committee will have regards to:

- The individual's performance as evidenced in the appraisal process
- The pay recommendation contained within the appraisal report

Sustained high quality performance should give the individual an expectation of progression up the pay range.

The general expectation for pay progression is as follows:

- Towards the bottom of the pay range evidence of consistently good leadership practice
- Towards the top of the pay range increasingly significant evidence of outstanding leadership practice with all other practice being consistently good.

The Pay Committee may determine how much pay progression should be awarded in recognition of performance.

Pay determinations will be rooted in evidence and the decisions and supporting evidence will be documented.

The Pay Committee may request information from the performance appraisal review process as well as evidence of performance in other relevant areas to inform its decision. The Pay Committee is entitled to seek the advice of other relevant professionals regarding the pay progression of the Headteacher.

## Related parties and other connected charities and organisations

We were liked withthe Bromley Catholic Schools Umbrella Trust until July 2022.

## Objectives and activities

## Objects and aims

St Anthony's Catholic Primary School is a co-educational 4-11 primary school. The pupils at the school are encouraged to be ambitious and achieve high standards, whilst retaining a sense of who they are and what values are important in our society. We foster a genuine sense of respect for the individual alongside an appreciation of the culture and beliefs of others.

The principal object of the Academy is specifically restricted to the following, to advance the public benefit of education in England, in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing by establishing, maintaining, carrying on, managing and developing a school offering a broad and balanced curriculum which reflects the diversity of all at St Anthony's Catholic Primary School.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### Objectives, strategies and activities

The main objectives of the Academy during the year ended 31 August 2022 are summarised below:

- to ensure that every child enjoys the same high quality education in terms of resourcing, tuition and care;
- to raise the standard of educational achievement of all pupils, ensuring every pupil reaches their full potential and makes the best progress that they can;
- to improve the effectiveness of the Academy by keeping the curriculum and organisational structure under continual review;
- to provide value for money for the funds expended;
- to comply with all appropriate statutory and curriculum requirements;
- · to ensure teaching and learning is of the highest standard; and
- to conduct the School's business in accordance with the highest standards of integrity, probity and openness.

St Anthony's Catholic Primary School values diversity and seeks to give everyone in the school an equal chance to learn, work and live, free from the action, or fear, of racism, discrimination, or prejudice. By our actions we will work together to develop the potential of all pupils academically, socially, culturally and psychologically and to establish a community that is just and fair for all people who work at or visit St Anthony's Catholic Primary School

All staff will have the opportunity to develop further as self-directed, reflective learners, through working collaboratively with others to enhance their own expertise. Through their passion, teachers will enthuse and inspire others to explore new ideas.

Parents/carers will fulfill their roles as true partners, recognising their role in the student - school - parent partnership to ensure that their child realises his/her potential.

Trustees will contribute to the life of the school on a wider scale, acting as critical friends to support the school in becoming a nationally recognised centre of excellence.

### Public benefit

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on Public Benefit when reviewing the Academy's aim and objectives and in planning future activities. In particular, the trustees consider how planned activities will contribute to the aims and objectives they have set.

Children will be admitted at the age of four years old (Reception class). The number of intended admissions for the year commencing 2022 will be 30, this is known as the Published Admissions Number (PAN). St Anthony's Catholic Primary School is an Academy and the trustees are the admissions authority. However, the Trustees of St Anthony's Catholic Primary School will comply with national admissions legislation and work in line with London Borough of Bromley in order to operate within the Local Authority's Co-ordinated Scheme for Primary Admissions.

Before the application of the oversubscription criteria, children with a statement of special educational needs or Education Health Care Plan which names the school will be admitted. As a result of this, the published admissions number will be reduced accordingly.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

In the event of over subscription, the following criteria apply, in this order of priority:

- 1. Looked After and Previously Looked After Catholic Children
- 2. Baptised, practising Roman Catholics
- 3. Practising Christian families
- 4. Other faiths
- 5. Distance from school

After a place has been offered, the school reserves the right to withdraw the place in the following circumstances:

- 1. When a parent has failed to respond to an offer within a reasonable time.
- 2. When a parent has failed to notify the school of important changes to the application information.
- 3. The Admission Authority offered the place on the basis of a fraudulent or intentionally misleading application from a parent.

Further details can be found on the school website and on the London Borough of Bromley website.

## Strategic report

### Achievements and performance

St Anthony's Catholic Primary School converted to Academy status in July 2017 and was part of the Bromley Schools Umbrella Trust until July 2022.

Pupils enter the school with standards significantly below the expectation for their age and leave with standards at least in line with national. Progress is at least good and in many cases is outstanding.

No statutory assessments were carried out in 2021 due to the impact of COVID-19

Statutory assessments for KS2 returned in 2022 after a two year gap due to Covid 19. Children in St Anthony's obtained significantly above the national for expected and greater depth in reading and SPAG. In Maths and writing the attainment for expected was above national and in line with national for greater depth. Progress levels were high in all subjects.

Differences in the performance of groups of pupils is cohort related and there is no significant pattern identified. Small numbers, SEN and additional needs can distort the data and it is important to value each child as an individual.

In school assessment is carried out termly, gaps is attainment are analysed and appropriate intervention is put in place. The impact of this is monitored and evaluated by SLT. Catch-up funding is used effectively to target children not making the expected progress.

#### Key performance indicators

The main KPI is the Ofsted Framework for Inspection

- Inspectors must judge the overall effectiveness of the school. This is the overarching judgement.
- Quality of Education
- Behaviour and Attitudes
- Personal Development
- Leadership and Management
- EYFS

The extent to which the education provided by the school meets the needs of the range of pupils at the school, and in particular the needs of:

- pupils who have a disability for the purposes of the Equality Act 2010
- pupils who have special educational needs.

St Anthony's Catholic Primary School is a good school where every child is valued.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the board of directors has a reasonable expectation that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. However on 1 September 2022 the company joined South East London Catholic Academy Trust (SELCAT) and on that date all of its assets, liabilities and activities were transferred. From that date the legal entity known as St Anthony's Catholic School ceased trade and for this reason the directors consider the academy trust is no longer a going concern. The accounts have therefore been prepared on the basis that the Academy Trust is not a going concern.

#### Financial review

Most of the School's income is obtained from the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) in the form of recurrent grants, some of which are restricted to particular purposes. The grants received from the ESFA during the year ended 31 August 2022 and the associated expenditure are shown as restricted funds in the Statement of Financial Activities.

The School also receives grants for fixed assets from the ESFA. In accordance with the Charities Statement of Recommended Practice, 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' (SORP 2015), such grants are shown in the Statement of Financial Activities as restricted income in the fixed asset fund. The restricted fixed asset fund balance is reduced by annual depreciation charges over the expected useful life of the assets concerned.

During the year ended 31 August 2022, total expenditure of £1,320k (2021: £1,206k) was met by recurrent grant funding from the ESFA together with other incoming resources. The excess of income over expenditure for the year (excluding restricted fixed asset funds and transfers to restricted fixed asset funds) was £325k. (2021; £23k excess expenditure over income).

The London Borough of Bromley Pension Fund, in which the Academy participates, showed a deficit of £nil (2021: £274k) at 31 August 2022.

The Academy held fund balances at 31 August 2022 of £276k (2021: £49k)) comprising £49k (2021: £(218)k) of restricted funds and £227k (2021: £169k) of unrestricted general funds. Of the restricted funds £2k (2021: £3k) is represented by tangible fixed assets.

The pension reserve which is considered part of restricted funds was £nil (2021: £274k) in deficit.

The principle risks to the school remain the prospect of falling pupil numbers in the local area and a surplus of primary school places available. The leadership team have made efforts to ensure we remain full. Pupil numbers are kept under review and are discussed with trustees as part of financial monitoring.

The school's three year budget plans are based on realistic numbers.

The leadership team's focus has been to ensure that the key performance indicators for the school continue to be a priority in the post-Covid landscape

## Reserves policy

The trustees review the reserve levels of the Academy annually. This review encompasses the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match income with commitments and the nature of reserves. The trustees have determined that the appropriate level of unrestricted reserves should be equivalent to four weeks' expenditure of £100k (2021: £88k).

The reason for this is to provide sufficient working capital to cover delays between spending and receipt of grants and to provide a cushion to deal with unexpected emergencies such as urgent maintenance. The School's current level of unrestricted funds is £227k (2021: £169k). The Governors expect this to decrease in future years due to government cuts.

The academy has this level of reserves currently as the school building is old and requires regular repairs, a high level of reserve is kept to be able to attend to these repairs and to be able to maintain the building should larger repairs be required at any point.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### Investment policy and powers

Under the Articles of Association, the Academy has the power to deposit or invest any funds not immediately required for the furtherance of its Objects, after obtaining such advice from a financial experts as the Trustees consider necessary. The organisation has a positive cash balance to cover eventualities and unforeseen expenses. The banking facilities are reviewed on a regular basis.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the Academy is exposed, in particular those relating to the specific teaching, provision of facilities and other operational areas of the Academy, and its finances. The Trustees have implemented a number of systems to assess risks that the school faces, especially in the operational areas (e.g. in relation to teaching, health and safety, bullying and school trips) and in relation to the control of finance. The Trustees are introducing systems, including operational procedures internal financial controls in order to minimise risk. Where significant financial risk still remains they have ensured they have adequate insurance cover. The Academy has an effective system of internal financial controls and this is explained in more detail in the Governance Statement on pages 10 to 12.

There is a risk in that teacher recruitment continues to be challenging at the moment. This is particularly the case given the school's location. The school is on the border of 3 Inner London boroughs where salaries are higher giving further challenge to recruitment. Should the school need to employ via supply agencies the cost of employing teachers is much higher.

Mobility is high. Many families have moved out of the area or back to Europe.

#### Financial and risk management objectives and policies

The main financial risks which St Anthony's Catholic Primary School is exposed, taking account of the mitigations in place, relate the risk of an income shortfall due to the likelihood of further government spending reductions affecting our general grant. There is also currently risk arising on the impact of Covid-19 on staffing levels, additional cleaning/hygiene and school generated income.

The principal risks and uncertainties that St Anthony's Catholic Primary School faces are mitigated by the risk management process that the academy trust has in place.

## Plans for future periods

St Anthony's Catholic Primary School will continue striving to improve the levels of performance of its pupils at all levels and will continue its efforts to ensure its pupils have the best possible opportunities in the future.

The school has a good understanding of its strengths and areas for development based on rigorous analysis of data and monitoring of teaching and learning. The school also makes good use of external validation to secure its judgement on the quality of provision and subsequent outcomes. School leaders identify areas for improvement which are included in the School Development Plan. This plan is rigorously implemented and monitored by school leaders and trustees. The SDP is regularly monitored and amended annually. It is underpinned by appropriate budget links.

School Improvement strategies are embedded and have had significant impact on improvement; the emphasis is sharply focused on the Quality of Education, Curriculum Development and on pupil progress. These are being addressed through rigorous monitoring, high quality CPD and through analysis of test and Teacher Assessment data on a termly basis. The school makes good provision for personalised learning and intervention programmes and has developed a rich, creative curriculum which includes and stretches pupils across the ability range.

St Anthony's joined the South East London Catholic Academy Trust Multi Academy Trust (SELCAT) on 1st September 2022. This will provide the school with an infrastructure to enable and support continued school improvement.

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## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

### **Auditor**

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

A resolution proposing that Azets Audit Services be reappointed as auditor of the charitable company will be put to the members.

The directors' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by order of the board of directors, as the company directors, on 05 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

D Tullett L White
Chair Accounting officer

## **GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

### Scope of responsibility

As directors, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that St Anthony's Catholic Primary School has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The board of directors has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the principal, as accounting officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between St Anthony's Catholic Primary School and the Secretary of State for Education. The accounting officer is also responsible for reporting to the board of directors any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

#### Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Directors' Report and in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities. The board of directors has formally met six times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the board of directors was as follows:

Directors	Meetings attended	Out of possible
D Tullett (Chair)	6	6
L Brito-Babapulle (Vice Chair) (Resigned 5 December 2021)	0	6
S Nonnis	5	6
L White (Accounting officer)	6	6
F Kunna	5	6
C Doherty	4	6
K Williams	5	6
F Sam	2	6
E Nyame	3	6
J Burke (Appointed 1 October 2021)	4	5

Governors undertake a self evaluation of their skills annually to identify areas where new co-opted governors could contribute effectively.

The governing body continues to act effectively and diligently in fulfilling its 3 core functions:

- · Ensuring clarify of vision and strategic direction
- · Holding the Headteacher to account for the performance of pupils and staff
- · Ensuring financial probity

The board has been regularly presented with the requested data, enabling them to keep a close watch on performance, progress and outcomes.

#### **Conflicts of interest**

The Governing body require all members to complete a declaration of business interests to help identify any potential conflicts of interest.

When conflicts of interest are identified with a particular trustee, the Governing Body will exclude the individual from that part of the meeting whilst the issue is being discussed. Any decisions made will then be voted for excluding the affected Trustee in order that they cannot have any undue influence as a result of the conflict of interest.

## Review of value for money

As accounting officer the Headteacher has responsibility for ensuring that the academy trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The accounting officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

## **GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The accounting officer considers how the academy trust's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the board of directors where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data where available. The accounting officer for the academy trust has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

- · Academic performance is at least in line with National
- Pupils make at least good progress during their time at school
- Ofsted in November 2019. The school continues to be good
- Section 48 inspection in November 2016 judged the school to be an outstanding Catholic school
- Economy, careful use of resources to save time or effort. Also to avoid waste and extravagance, ensuring all financial transactions represent Value for Money.

## The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of academy trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in St Anthony's Catholic Primary School for the year 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

## Capacity to handle risk

The board of directors has reviewed the key risks to which the academy trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The board of directors is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the academy trust's significant risks that has been in place for the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the board of directors.

## The risk and control framework

The academy trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the board of directors;
- regular reviews by the finance and general purposes committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- identification and management of risks.

The board of directors has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided to not to appoint an internal auditor during the year ended 31 August 2022.

During the year a number of due diligence reviews were undertaken by South East London Catholic Academy Trust.

## **Review of effectiveness**

As accounting officer the principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- the financial management and governance self assessment process
- the work of the external auditor;
- the work of the executive managers within the academy trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

## GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The accounting officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the resources committee and a plan to ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the board of directors on 05 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

D Tullett L White

Chair Accounting officer

## STATEMENT OF REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

As accounting officer of St Anthony's Catholic Primary School, I have considered my responsibility to notify the academy trust board of directors and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with terms and conditions of all funding received by the academy trust, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academy Trust Handbook 2021.

I confirm that I and the academy trust's board of directors are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academy Trust Handbook 2021.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of directors and ESFA.

L White Accounting Officer

05 December 2022

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The directors (who also act as trustees for St Anthony's Catholic Primary School) are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the accounts in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under company law, the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period.

In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring that grants received from ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of accounts may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the board of directors on 05 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Chair	Accounting officer
) Tullett	L White

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ST ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### Opinion

We have audited the accounts of St Anthony's Catholic Primary School for the year ended 31 August 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and the notes to the accounts, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In our opinion the accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts' section of our report. We are independent of the academy trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the accounts in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Emphasis of matter - going concern

We draw your attention to note 1.2 in the financial statements, which indicates that the financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Academy Trust is no longer a going concern as the company transferred its entire activities, assets and liabilities to South East London Catholic Academy Trust (SELCAT) on 1 September 2022. Our opinion is not modified in this respect.

## Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information, which comprises the information included in the annual report other than the accounts and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the accounts does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the accounts, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the accounts or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the accounts or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report including the incorporated strategic report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts; and
- the directors' report including the incorporated strategic report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ST ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the academy trust and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report, including the incorporated strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the accounts, the directors are responsible for assessing the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the charitable company, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these accounts.

## Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the Financial Reporting Council's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ST ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, we designed procedures which included:

- Enquiry of senior leadership, Trustees and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims as well as actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
- Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Assessing the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations considered to have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company through enquiry and inspection;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance
  with applicable laws and regulations including compliance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to
  2021 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency;
- · Performing audit work over the recognition of grant income and the allocation of expenditure to funds;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management bias and override of controls, including testing of
  journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the rationale of significant
  transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for indicators of
  potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the accounts is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ST ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Michelle Wilkes FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Azets Audit Services

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

12 December 2022

Greytown House 221-227 High Street Orpington Kent United Kingdom BR6 0NZ

# INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO ST ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 29 June 2022 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by St Anthony's Catholic Primary School during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to St Anthony's Catholic Primary School and ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the St Anthony's Catholic Primary School and ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than St Anthony's Catholic Primary School and ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of St Anthony's Catholic Primary School's accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of St Anthony's Catholic Primary School's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 26 June 2017 and the Academy Trust Handbook, extant from 1 September 2021, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance, and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

## **Approach**

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountant of Academy Trusts issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy trust's income and expenditure.

Our work included identification and assessment of the design and operational effectiveness of the controls, policies and procedures that have been implemented to ensure compliance with the framework of authorities including high level financial control areas and areas assessed of presenting a higher risk of impropriety. We undertook detailed testing, based on our assessment of risk of material irregularity, where such controls, policies and procedures apply to classes of transactions. This work was integrated with our audit on the financial statements to the extent evidence from the conduct of that audit supports the regularity conclusion as well as additional testing based on our assessment of risk of material irregularity.

# INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO ST ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOL AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY (CONTINUED)

## **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022**

## Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

## **Reporting Accountant**

**Azets Audit Services** 

Dated: 12 December 2022

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £'000		ricted funds: Fixed asset £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Income and endowments from:						
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	3	1	-	6	7	7
- Funding for educational operations	4	-	1,200	-	1,200	1,121
Other trading activities	5	74 			74 	56 
Total income and endowments		75 ====	1,200	6	1,281 ====	1,184 ====
Expenditure on: Charitable activities:						
- Educational operations	8	17 	1,300	3	1,320	1,206
Total expenditure	6		1,300	3	1,320	1,206
Net income/(expenditure)		58	(100)	3	(39)	(22)
Transfers between funds		-	4	(4)	-	-
Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined						
benefit pension schemes	18		364		364	(1)
Net movement in funds		58	268	(1)	325	(23)
Reconciliation of funds						
Total funds brought forward		169 ——	(221)	3	(49)	(26)
Total funds carried forward		227 ——	47 ——	2 	276 ====	(49) ====

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Comparative year information Year ended 31 August 2021		Unrestricted Funds	Restr General	ricted funds: Fixed asset	Total 2021
_	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income and endowments from: Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	3	-	1	6	7
- Funding for educational operations Other trading activities	4 5	- 56	1,121 -	-	1,121 56
Total income and endowments		56	1,122	6	1,184
Expenditure on: Charitable activities:					
- Educational operations	8	12	1,189	5	1,206
Total expenditure	6	12	1,189	5	1,206
Net income/(expenditure)		44	(67)	1	(22)
Transfers between funds		-	6	(6)	-
Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial losses on defined benefit pension schemes	18	-	(1)	, <u>-</u>	(1)
Net movement in funds		44	(62)	(5)	(23)
Reconciliation of funds Total funds brought forward		125	(159)	8	(26)
Total funds carried forward		169	(221)	3	(49) ====

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

	Notes	2022 £'000	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000
Fixed assets	Notes	£ 000	£ 000	2.000	£ 000
Tangible assets	12		2		3
Current assets					
Debtors	13	19		11	
Cash at bank and in hand		318		272	
		337		283	
Current liabilities		331		203	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	14	(63)		(61)	
			07.4		200
Net current assets			274		222
Net assets excluding pension liability			276		225
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	18		_		(274)
,					
Total net assets/(liabilities)			276		(49)
Funds of the academy trust: Restricted funds	16				
- Fixed asset funds	10		2		3
- Restricted income funds			<u>-</u> 47		53
- Pension reserve			-		(274)
Total restricted funds			49		(218)
Unrestricted income funds	16		227		169
Total funda			070		(40)
Total funds			276 ====		(49) ====

The accounts on pages 21 to 42 were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 05 December 2022 and are signed on their behalf by:

D Tullett **Chair**  L White

**Accounting officer** 

Company Number 10810081

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net cash provided by operating activities	21		42		30
Cash flows from investing activities					
Capital grants from DfE Group		6		6	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(2)		-	
Net cash provided by investing activities			4		6
Net increase in cash and cash equivalent	ts in the		<u></u>		
reporting period			46		36
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of t	he year		272		236
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the	year		318		272

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

## 1.1 Basis of preparation

The accounts of the academy trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

## 1.2 Going concern

The governors assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, ie whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern.

On 1 September 2022 the company joined South East London Catholic Academy Trust (SELCAT) and on that date all of its assets, liabilities and activities were transferred. From that date the legal entity known as St Anthony's Catholic School ceased trade and for this reason the Trustees consider the academy trust is no longer a going concern. The accounts have therefore been prepared on the basis that the Academy Trust is not a going concern.

## 1.3 Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the academy trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

## Grants receivable

Grants are included in the statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of financial activities in the period for which it is receivable, and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund. Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended.

## Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income provided to the academy trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the statement of financial activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions), where the receipt is probable and it can be measured reliably.

## **Donations**

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the academy trust has provided the goods or services.

## Donated goods, facilities and services

The value of donated services and gifts in kind provided to the academy trust are recognised at their open market value in the period in which they are receivable as incoming resources, where the benefit to the academy trust can be reliably measured. An equivalent amount is included as expenditure under the relevant heading in the statement of financial activities, except where the gift in kind was a fixed asset in which case the amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's policies.

### Donated fixed assets

Donated fixed assets are measured at fair value unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor is used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's accounting policies.

### 1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

## Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the academy trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

## Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the academy trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the academy trust apportioned to charitable activities.

## Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the academy trust's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management, directors' meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding that require the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities and carried forward in the balance sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with unrestricted funds, depreciation on such assets is charged to the unrestricted fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment 33% straight line basis Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% straight line basis

The Academy Trust occupies land and buildings at Genoa Road, London SE20 8ES, which are owned by the Trustees of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Southwark. The Academy Trust occupies the land and buildings under a licence on the same basis as when it was a maintained school. The continuing permission of the Diocesan Trustees is pursuant to and subject to the Trustees' charitable objects and is part of the Catholic Church's commitment since 1847 to provide state funded education in partnership with the state. Under the terms of an agreement between the Secretary of State and the Academy Trust the Diocesan Trustees will give the Academy Trust not less than two years' notice to terminate the occupation of the land and buildings. The Governors have concluded that the value of land and buildings occupied by the Academy Trust should not be recognised in the balance sheet as the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Southwark has the right to consent to works, including capital works. The Governors have therefore concluded that the Academy Trust does not have control as defined by the Academies Accounts Direction.

Moreover, the Governors have decided not to account for the Academy Trust's occupancy of the land and buildings by means of a notional annual rental charge in the accounts, offset by income from a notional annual donation or gift of equivalent value from the Diocesan Trustees as owners of the freehold interest. The Governors have been unable to identify any objective method for calculating such a notional rent.

## 1.5 Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods of services it must provide.

#### 1.6 Leasing commitments

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## 1.7 Financial instruments

The academy trust only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the academy trust and their measurement basis are as follows.

#### <u>Financial assets</u>

Trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Cash at bank is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

### Financial liabilities

Trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition.

Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.8 Taxation

The academy trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the academy trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by chapter 3 part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

#### 1.9 Pensions benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the academy trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary based on quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no underlying assets to assign between employers. Consequently, the TPS is treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions are recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded multi-employer scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to net income or expenditure are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the statement of financial activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

### 1.10 Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy trust at the discretion of the directors.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Department for Education where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Department for Education.

## 2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Accounting estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

(Continued)

## Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The academy trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost or income for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 18, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2022. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

### Critical areas of judgement

There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

## 3 Donations and capital grants

Donationo ana Gapitai granto	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Capital grants	-	6	6	6
Other donations	1	-	1	1
	1	6	7	7

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 4 Funding for the academy trust's educational operations

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
DfE / ESFA grants				
General annual grant (GAG)	-	917	917	865
Other DfE / ESFA grants:				
UIFSM	-	22	22	28
Pupil premium	-	72	72	63
Teachers pension grants	-	-	-	30
Teachers pay grants	-	-	-	8
PE and sports premium	-	17	17	17
Supplementary grant	-	10	10	-
Others	-	19	19	6
	-	1,057	1,057	1,017
Other government grants				
Local authority grants	-	143	143	89
			===	
Exceptional government funding				
Coronavirus job retention scheme grant	-	-	-	2
Other Coronavirus funding	-	-	-	13
	-	-	-	15
			==	==
Total funding	-	1,200	1,200	1,121
-		<u> </u>	===	===

In 2021 the academy trust was eligible to claim additional funding in the year from government support schemes in response to the Coronavirus outbreak. The funding received is shown above under "Exceptional government funding".

- The academy trust furloughed one of its early year nursery staff under the government's Coronavirus job retention scheme. The funding received of £2k in 2021 relates to staff costs in respect of 1 member of staff, which are included within note 9 below as appropriate.
- Other Coronavirus funding in 2021 amounting to £13k, represents the COVID-19 catch-up premium which has been spent on two additional teaching assistants for one year.

## 5 Other trading activities

•	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Catering income	10	-	10	8
Other income	64	-	64	48
	74		74	56

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

6	Expenditure					
0	Expenditure	Staff	Premises	Other	Total	Total
			& equipment	costs	2022	2021
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Academy's educational operations					
	- Direct costs	774	-	42	816	785
	- Allocated support costs	319	72	113	504	421
		1,093	72	155	1,320	1,206
	Net income/(expenditure) for the ye	ear include	es:		2022	2021
	not moome, (expenditure) for the ye				£'000	£'000
	Fees payable to auditor for:					
	- Audit				8	9
	- Other services				3	3
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets				3	5
	Net interest on defined benefit pension	n liability			5	4
						==
7	Governance costs					
					Total	Total
	All from restricted funds:				2022	2021
					£'000	£'000
	Amounts included in support costs	;				
	Professional fees				17	11
	Auditor's remuneration					
	<ul> <li>Audit of financial statements</li> </ul>				8	9
	- Other audit costs				3	3
	Other governance costs				1	-
					29	23

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

8	Charitable activities				
Ū	Onaritable activities	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2022 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
	Direct costs	2.555			
	Educational operations	1	815	816	785
	Support costs				
	Educational operations	16 	488	504	421
		<u>17</u>	1,303	1,320	1,206
				2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Analysis of support costs				
	Support staff costs			319	262
	Depreciation Table 2 to 1 to 2 to 2 to 2 to 2 to 2 to 2 to			3	5
	Technology costs Premises costs			13 69	13 58
	Legal costs			17	11
	Other support costs			71	60
	Governance costs			12	12
				504	421
9	Staff costs				
				2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Wages and salaries			774	751
	Social security costs			68	66
	Operating costs of defined benefit pension schen	nes		238	193
	Staff costs			1,080	1,010
	Supply staff costs			10	-
	Staff development and other staff costs			3	1
	Total staff expenditure			1,093	1,011

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

9 Staff costs (Continued)

#### Staff numbers

The average number of persons, by headcount, employed by the academy trust during the year was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Teachers	9	9
Administration and support	24	23
Management	3	3
	36	35
	<del></del>	

## **Higher paid staff**

The number of employees whose annualised employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
£70,001 - £80,000	1	1

## Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the academy trust comprise the directors and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions and employer national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the academy trust was £246k (2021: £245k).

## 10 Directors' remuneration and expenses

The Headteacher and other staff only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of Headteacher and staff, and not in respect of their services as directors. Other directors did not receive any payments.

The value of directors' remuneration was as follows:

#### L White

Remuneration £75,000 - £80,000 (2021: £75,000 - £80,000) Employers Pension Contributions £15,000 - £20,000 (2021: £15,000 - £20,000)

## K Williams

Remuneration £45,000 - £50,000 (2021: £45,000 - £50,000) Employers Pension Contributions £10,000- £20,000 (2021: £10,000 - £15,000)

During the year and the previous year no expenses were reimbursed or paid directly to directors.

Other related party transactions involving the directors are set out within the related parties note.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

### 11 Directors' and officers' insurance

The academy trust has opted into the Department for Education's Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA), an alternative to insurance where UK government funds cover losses that arise. This scheme protects directors and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy trust business, and provides cover up to £10,000,000. It is not possible to quantify the directors and officers indemnity element from the overall cost of the RPA scheme.

## 12 Tangible fixed assets

	Tangible lixed decete	Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000
	Cost			
	At 1 September 2021	12	5	17
	Additions	2		2
	At 31 August 2022	14	5	19
	Depreciation			
	At 1 September 2021	10	4	14
	Charge for the year	2	1	3
	At 31 August 2022	12	5	17
	Net book value			
	At 31 August 2022	2		2
	At 31 August 2021	2	1	3
				==
13	Debtors		2022	2021
			£'000	£'000
	VAT recoverable		3	3
	Prepayments and accrued income		16 ——	8
			19	11
			===	
14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2022	2021
			£'000	£'000
	Other taxation and social security		15	15
	Other creditors		18	17
	Accruals and deferred income		30	
			63	61

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

15	Deferred income	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Deferred income is included within:	2 000	_ 000
	Creditors due within one year	15	15
	·	===	
	Deferred income at 1 September 2021	15	14
	Released from previous years	(15)	(14)
	Resources deferred in the year	15	15
	Deferred income at 31 August 2022	15	15

At the balance sheet date, the Academy Trust was holding funds received in advance for universal infant free school meals funding.

## 16 Funds

	Balance at 1 September 2021 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Gains, losses and transfers £'000	Balance at 31 August 2022 £'000
Restricted general funds					
General Annual Grant (GAG)	53	917	(927)	4	47
UIFSM	-	22	(22)	-	-
Pupil premium	-	72	(72)	-	-
PE and sports premium	-	17	(17)	-	-
Supplementary grant	-	10	(10)	-	-
Other DfE / ESFA grants	-	19	(19)	-	-
Other government grants	-	143	(143)	-	-
Pension reserve	(274)		(90)	364	
	(221)	1,200	(1,300)	368	47 ====
Restricted fixed asset funds					
DfE group capital grants	_	6	_	(6)	_
General fixed asset fund	3	_	(3)	2	2
	3	6	(3)	(4)	2
			===	==	
Total restricted funds	(218)	1,206	(1,303) ====	364	49 ====
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	169 ——	75 ——	(17) ====		227 ====
Total funds	(49) ====	1,281	(1,320) ====	364	276 ====

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

16 Funds (Continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

General Annual Grant: Income received from the ESFA to cover the normal running cost of the Academy.

Universal Infant School Meals, Pupil Premium, Teachers Pension Grants, Teachers Pay Grants, Sports Premium, Supplementary grant and COVID catch up Premium: Income received from the ESFA as described.

Other DFE/ESFA grants: This includes rates funding, recovery premium and tutoring funding.

Other government grants: This includes early years and high needs funding.

Other restricted funds comprise restricted donations.

The transfer of funds relates to the purchase of fixed assets during the period and capital grants used for expenditure purposes.

## Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Balance at 1 September 2020 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Gains, losses and transfers £'000	Balance at 31 August 2021 £'000
Restricted general funds					
General Annual Grant (GAG)	63	865	(881)	6	53
UIFSM	-	28	(28)	-	-
Pupil premium	-	63	(63)	-	-
Teachers pension grants	-	30	(30)	-	-
Teachers pay grants	-	8	(8)	-	-
COVID catch up premium		13	(13)		
PE and sports premium	-	17	(17)	-	-
Other DfE / ESFA grants	-	6	(6)	-	-
Other government grants	-	91	(91)	-	-
Other restricted funds	(000)	1	(1)	- (4)	(074)
Pension reserve	(222)		(51)	(1)	(274)
	(159)	1,122	(1,189)	5	(221)
Restricted fixed asset funds					
DfE group capital grants	-	6	-	(6)	-
General fixed asset fund	8	-	(5)	-	3
	8	6	(5)	(6)	3
					==
Total restricted funds	(151)	1,128	(1,194)	(1)	(218)
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	125 ====	56 	(12) ====	===	169 ——
Total funds	<u>(26)</u>	1,184	(1,206) ====	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(49)</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Analysis of net assets between funds	Unrestricted	Post	ricted funds:	Total
	Funds £'000	General £'000	Fixed asset £'000	Funds £'000
Fund balances at 31 August 2022 are represented by:		2000	2000	2000
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	2	2
Current assets	227	110	-	337
Creditors falling due within one year		(63)	<u>-</u>	(63)
Total net assets	227	47	2	276
		==		
	Unrestricted	Rest	ricted funds:	Total
	Funds £'000	General £'000	Fixed asset £'000	Funds £'000
Fund balances at 31 August 2021 are represented by:				
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	3	3
Current assets	169	114	-	283
Creditors falling due within one year	-	(61)	-	(61)
Defined benefit pension asset	-	(274)	-	(274)

### 18 Pension and similar obligations

The academy trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by The London Borough of Bromley. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016, and that of the LGPS related to the period ended 31 March 2019.

Contributions amounting to £18k (2021:£18k) were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2022 and are included within creditors.

## **Teachers' Pension Scheme**

## Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academies. All teachers have the option to opt out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both the member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary. These contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 18 Pension and similar obligations

(Continued)

#### Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019.

The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% employer administration charge)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £218,100 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196,100 million giving a notional past service deficit of £22,000 million
- the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate is 2.4% above the rate of CPI. The assumed real rate of return is 2.4% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.2%. The assumed nominal rate of return including earnings growth is 4.45%.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2023.

The employer's pension costs paid to the TPS in the period amounted to £107k (2021: £98k).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The academy trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The academy trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

## **Local Government Pension Scheme**

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contributions are as noted below. The agreed contribution rates for future years are 23.68% for employers and 5.5-12.5% for employees. The estimated value of employer contributions for the forthcoming year is £51k

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

Total contributions made	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Employer's contributions Employees' contributions	51 16	39 12
Total contributions	67	51 ——

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

18	Pension and similar obligations		(Continued)
	Principal actuarial assumptions	2022	2021
	· Professional Professiona Professiona Professiona Professiona Professiona Professi	%	%
	Rate of increase in salaries	4.3	4.3
	Rate of increase for pensions in payment/inflation	2.9	2.9
	Discount rate for scheme liabilities	4.3	1.7
	Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.8	2.8
	imation assumption (or i)	===	===
	The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvem assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:	nents in morta	lity rates. The
		2022	2021
		Years	Years
	Retiring today		
	- Males	22.9	22.9
	- Females	25.3	25.2
	Retiring in 20 years		
	- Males	24.6	24.9
	- Females	27.2	27.2
		=	
	Scheme liabilities would have been affected by changes in assumptions as follows	:	
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Discount rate + 0.1%	-16	-23
	Discount rate - 0.1%	17	23
	Mortality assumption + 1 year	16	36
	Mortality assumption - 1 year	-16	-35
	CPI rate + 0.1%	17	25
	CPI rate - 0.1%	-17	-24
			===
	The academy trust's share of the assets in the scheme	2022	2021
		Fair value	Fair value
		£'000	£'000
	Equition	530	554
	Equities Other bonds	62	66
	Cash/liquidity	13	8
	Government bonds	18	24
	Property	58	41
	Other assets	95	147
	Other assets		
	Total market value of assets	776	840
		==	=

The actual return on scheme assets was £(128,000) (2021: £127,000).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

18	Pension and similar obligations		(Continued)
	Amount recognised in the statement of financial activities	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Current service cost	136	86
	Interest income	(15)	(12)
	Interest cost	20	16
	Total operating charge	141	90
	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	At 1 September 2021	1,114	888
	Current service cost	136	87
	Interest cost	20	16
	Employee contributions	16	12
	Actuarial (gain)/loss	(507)	115
	Benefits paid	(3)	(4)
	At 31 August 2022	776	1,114
	Changes in the fair value of the academy trust's share of scheme assets	2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	At 1 September 2021	840	666
	Interest income	15	12
	Actuarial loss/(gain)	(143)	115
	Employer contributions	` 51 <sup>′</sup>	39
	Employee contributions	16	12
	Benefits paid	(3)	(4)
	At 24 August 2022	776	
	At 31 August 2022	776 ——	840 ====
19	Analysis of changes in net funds		
	1 September 2021	Cash flows	31 August 2022
	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Cash 272	46	318
	<del>=</del>		

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### 20 Contingent liabilities

During the period of the Funding Agreement, in the event of the sale or disposal by other means of any asset for which a Government capital grant was received, the Academy is required either to re-invest the proceeds or to repay to the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) the same proportion of the proceeds of the sale or disposal as equates with the proportion of the original cost met by the Secretary of State.

Upon termination of the Funding Agreement, whether as a result of the Secretary of State or the Academy serving notice, the Academy shall repay to the Secretary of State sums determined by reference to:

- the value at that time of the Academy's site and premises and other assets held for the purpose of the Academy; and
- the extent to which expenditure incurred in providing those assets was met by payments by the Secretary of State under the Funding Agreement.

## 21 Reconciliation of net expenditure to net cash flows from operating activities

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Net expenditure for the reporting period	(39)	(22)
Adjusted for:		
Capital grants from DfE/ESFA and other capital income	(6)	(6)
Defined benefit pension costs less contributions payable	85	47
Defined benefit pension net finance cost	5	4
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	3	5
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(8)	1
Increase in creditors	2	1
Net cash provided by operating activities	42	30

## 22 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the academy's operations and the composition of the board of Governors being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the board of Governors may have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the academy's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

No related party transactions took place in the period of account, other than certain directors' remuneration and expenses already disclosed in note 10.

## 23 Post balance sheet events

On 1 September 2022, St Anthony's Catholic Primary School joined South East London Catholic Academy Trust (SELCAT) and all of it's assets, liabilities and activities were transferred to SELCAT on that date. The assets and liabilities were transferred at their book values as recorded in the statements of the Academy Trust as at 31 August 2022.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

## 24 Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he or she ceases to be a member.