

# St. Anthony's RC Primary School

"Working, Learning and caring together in God's Love"

## National Curriculum 2014 Planning Document



# Y6

## Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation Appendix

This document contains the Y6 Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation appendix and should be used to support the planning, teaching and learning of Spelling in Year 6.

| <i>Year 6: Detail of content to be introduced (statutory requirement)</i> |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Word</b>   | <p>The difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, <i>find out – discover; ask for – request; go in – enter</i>]</p> <p>How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms [for example, <i>big, large, little</i>].</p>  |
| <b>Sentence</b>   | <p>Use of the <b>passive</b> to affect the presentation of information in a <b>sentence</b> [for example, <i>I broke the window in the greenhouse</i> versus <i>The window in the greenhouse was broken (by me)</i>].</p> <p>The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, the use of question tags: <i>He’s your friend, isn’t he?</i>, or the use of <b>subjunctive</b> forms such as <i>If I <u>were</u></i> or <i><u>Were</u> they to come</i> in some very formal writing and speech]</p> |
| <b>Text</b>   | <p>Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of <b>cohesive devices</b>: repetition of a <b>word</b> or phrase, grammatical connections [for example, the use of <b>adverbials</b> such as <i>on the other hand, in contrast, or as a consequence</i>], and <b>ellipsis</b></p> <p>Layout devices [for example, headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text]</p>  |
| <b>Punctuation</b>  | <p>Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent <b>clauses</b> [for example, <i>It’s raining; I’m fed up</i>]</p> <p>Use of the colon to introduce a list and use of semi-colons within lists</p> <p><b>Punctuation</b> of bullet points to list information</p> <p>How hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity [for example, <i>man eating shark</i> versus <i>man-eating shark, or recover</i> versus <i>re-cover</i>]</p>  |
| <b>Terminology for pupils</b>   | <p>subject, object</p> <p>active, passive</p> <p>synonym, antonym</p> <p>ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon, bullet points</p>  |